Cholera outbreak in Yemen: suspected cases exceed 200,000
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Statement from UNICEF Executive Director Anthony Lake and WHO Director-General Margaret Chan on the cholera outbreak in Yemen as suspected cases exceed 200,000

NEW YORK/GENEVA, 24 June 2017 – The rapidly spreading cholera outbreak in Yemen has exceeded 200,000 suspected cases, increasing at an average of 5,000 a day. We are now facing the worst cholera outbreak in the world.

In just two months, cholera has spread to almost every governorate of this war-torn country. Already more than 1,300 people have died – one quarter of them children – and the death toll is expected to rise.

UNICEF, WHO and our partners are racing to stop the acceleration of this deadly outbreak. We are working around the clock to detect and track the spread of disease and to reach people with clean water, adequate sanitation and medical treatment. Rapid response teams are going house-to-house to reach families with information about how to protect themselves by cleaning and storing drinking water.

UNICEF and WHO are taking all measures to scale up prevention and treatment interventions. We call on authorities in Yemen to strengthen their internal efforts to stop the outbreak from spreading further.

This deadly cholera outbreak is the direct consequence of two years of heavy conflict. Collapsing health, water and sanitation systems have cut off 14.5 million people from regular access to clean water and sanitation, increasing the ability of the disease to spread. Rising rates of malnutrition have weakened children’s health and made them more vulnerable to disease. An estimated 30,000 dedicated local health workers who play the largest role in ending this outbreak have not been paid their salaries for nearly 10 months.

We urge all authorities inside the country to pay these salaries and, above all, we call on all parties to end this devastating conflict.

Anthony Lake
Executive Director
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Dr Margaret Chan
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Comment

The WHO Situation reports for the period of the 27 April–12 June 2017 (http://www.emro.who.int/yem/yemeninfocus/situation-reports.html) states that there were 124,002 suspected cholera cases with 923 deaths (overall case fatality rate: 0.7% but 3.2% among people aged over 60) in 20 out of the country's 23 governorates. 18% are children below the age of 5. A total of 391 stool samples from 20 governorates have tested positive for Vibrio cholerae serotype Ougawa. The overall attack rate is 41.8 per 10,000 of population.

The latest epidemiological curves with the number of cases in each governorate is available from the EMRO website: http://www.emro.who.int/images/stories/yemen/YEMEN_cholera_response_sit_rep_no_3.pdf?ua=1, where you can see that the first cases in the easternmost governorates bordering the Sultanate of Oman have been registered.

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